

**Appendix 6 Studies with high risk of bias and excludes studies/Bilaga 6  
Studier av låg kvalitet och exkluderade studier**

Studies with high risk of bias, page 1-4

Excluded studies, page 5-115

**Studies with high risk of bias/Studier med låg kvalitet**

<p>Adamo MA, Drazin D, Smith C, Waldman JB. Comparison of accidental and nonaccidental traumatic brain injuries in infants and toddlers: Demographics, neurosurgical interventions, and outcomes - Clinical article. Journal of Neurosurgery: Pediatrics 2009;4:414-419.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/selection bias</p>
<p>Alexander R, Sato Y, Smith W, Bennett T. Incidence of impact trauma with cranial injuries ascribed to shaking. Am J Dis Child 1990;144:724-6.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/selection bias</p>
<p>Barlow KM, Gibson RJ, McPhillips M, Minns RA. Magnetic resonance imaging in acute non-accidental head injury. Acta Paediatr 1999;88:734-40.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/selection bias</p>
<p>Biousse V, Suh DY, Newman NJ, Davis PC, Mapstone T, Lambert SR. Diffusion-weighted magnetic resonance imaging in Shaken Baby Syndrome. Am J Ophthalmol 2002;133:249-55.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/selection bias</p>
<p>Chabrol B, Decarie JC, Fortin G. The role of cranial MRI in identifying patients suffering from child abuse and presenting with unexplained neurological findings. Child Abuse Negl 1999;23:217-28.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/selection bias</p>

<p>Chen CY, Huang CC, Zimmerman RA, Yuh YS, Chen SJ, Chin SC, et al. High-resolution cranial ultrasound in the shaken-baby syndrome. <i>Neuroradiology</i> 2001;43:653-61.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/selection bias</p>
<p>Dashti SR, Decker DD, Razzaq A, Cohen AR. Current patterns of inflicted head injury in children. <i>Pediatr Neurosurg</i> 1999;31:302-6.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/selection bias</p>
<p>Feldman KW, Bethel R, Shugerman RP, Grossman DC, Grady MS, Ellenbogen RG. The cause of infant and toddler subdural hemorrhage: a prospective study. <i>Pediatrics</i> 2001;108:636-46.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/selection bias</p>
<p>Haviland J, Russell RI. Outcome after severe non-accidental head injury. <i>Arch Dis Child</i> 1997;77:504-7.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/selection bias</p>
<p>Holloway M, Bye AM, Moran K. Non-accidental head injury in children. <i>Med J Aust</i> 1994;160:786-9.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/selection bias</p>
<p>Hoskote A, Richards P, Anslow P, McShane T. Subdural haematoma and non-accidental head injury in children. <i>Childs Nerv Syst</i> 2002;18:311-7.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/selection bias</p>
<p>Jenny C, Hymel KP, Ritzen A, Reinert SE, Hay TC. Analysis of missed cases of abusive head trauma. <i>Jama</i> 1999;281:621-6.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/selection bias</p>
<p>Keenan HT, Runyan DK, Marshall SW, Nocera MA, Merten DF. A population-based comparison of clinical and outcome characteristics of young children with serious inflicted and noninflicted traumatic brain injury. <i>Pediatrics</i> 2004;114:633-9.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/selection bias</p>

<p>Kelly P, Hayes I. Infantile subdural haematoma in Auckland, New Zealand: 1988-1998. <i>New Zealand Medical Journal</i> 2004;117.</p>	<p>Risk of circularity</p>
<p>Kemp AM, Stoodley N, Copley C, Coles L, Kemp KW. Apnoea and brain swelling in non-accidental head injury. <i>Arch Dis Child</i> 2003;88:472-6; discussion 472-6.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/Selection bias/NAHI group heterogeneous</p>
<p>Lee AC, So KT, Fong D, Luk SH. The shaken baby syndrome: review of 10 cases. <i>Hong Kong Med J</i> 1999;5:337-341.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/selection bias</p>
<p>Mills M. Funduscopic lesions associated with mortality in shaken baby syndrome. <i>J aapos</i> 1998;2:67-71.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/selection bias</p>
<p>Morad Y, Kim YM, Armstrong DC, Huyer D, Mian M, Levin AV. Correlation between retinal abnormalities and intracranial abnormalities in the shaken baby syndrome. <i>Am J Ophthalmol</i> 2002;134:354-9.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/selection bias</p>
<p>Munger CE, Peiffer RL, Bouldin TW, Kylstra JA, Thompson RL. Ocular and associated neuropathologic observations in suspected whiplash shaken infant syndrome. A retrospective study of 12 cases. <i>Am J Forensic Med Pathol</i> 1993;14:193-200.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/selection bias</p>
<p>Myhre MC, Groggaard JB, Dyb GA, Sandvik L, Nordhov M. Traumatic head injury in infants and toddlers. <i>Acta Paediatr</i> 2007;96:1159-63.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/selection bias</p>
<p>Pierre-Kahn V, Roche O, Dureau P, Uteza Y, Renier D, Pierre-Kahn A, et al. Ophthalmologic findings in suspected child abuse victims with subdural hematomas. <i>Ophthalmology</i> 2003;110:1718-23.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/Selection bias, no definition of SBS cases</p>

<p>Pitetti RD, Maffei F, Chang K, Hickey R, Berger R, Pierce MC. Prevalence of retinal hemorrhages and child abuse in children who present with an apparent life-threatening event. <i>Pediatrics</i> 2002;110:557-62.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/selection bias</p>
<p>Rao P, Carty H, Pierce A. The acute reversal sign: comparison of medical and non-accidental injury patients. <i>Clin Radiol</i> 1999;54:495-501.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/selection bias</p>
<p>Riffenburgh RS, Sathyavagiswaran L. Ocular findings at autopsy of child abuse victims. <i>Ophthalmology</i> 1991;98:1519-24.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/selection bias</p>
<p>Shannon P, Smith CR, Deck J, Ang LC, Ho M, Becker L. Axonal injury and the neuropathology of shaken baby syndrome. <i>Acta Neuropathol</i> 1998;95:625-31.</p>	<p>Mixed study group (confessed + verdict) /Risk of circularity/selection bias</p>
<p>Shugerman RP, Paez A, Grossman DC, Feldman KW, Grady MS. Epidural hemorrhage: is it abuse? <i>Pediatrics</i> 1996;97:664-8.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases/Risk of circularity/selection bias</p>
<p>Sieswerda-Hoogendoorn T, Robben SGF, Karst WA, Moesker FM, Van Aalderen WM, Lameris JS, et al. Abusive head trauma: Differentiation between impact and non-impact cases based on neuroimaging findings and skeletal surveys. <i>European Journal of Radiology</i> 2014;83:584-588.</p>	<p>Lack of confessed cases</p>
<p>Wells RG, Vetter C, Laud P. Intracranial hemorrhage in children younger than 3 years: Prediction of intent. <i>Archives of Pediatrics and Adolescent Medicine</i> 2002;156:252-257.</p>	<p>High risk of inclusions bias, group allocation bias</p>

**Excluded studies**

American Academy of Pediatrics Committee on Infant and Preschool Child. Maltreatment of children. The battered child syndrome. Pediatrics 1972;50:160-2.	Not relevant study design: guidelines
Non-accidental injury. Bmj 1989;298:1179-80.	Not relevant study design: letter
American Academy of Pediatrics Committee on Child Abuse and Neglect: Shaken baby syndrome: inflicted cerebral trauma. Pediatrics 1993;92:872-5.	Not relevant study design: review
AAP statement on shaken baby syndrome. American Family Physician 1993;48:947.	Not relevant study design: AAP statement
Shaken baby syndrome: inflicted cerebral trauma. Committee on Child Abuse and Neglect, 1993-1994. Del Med J 1997;69:365-70.	Not relevant study design: review
Shaken baby syndrome: a caregiver's perspective. Nurs Spectr (Wash D C) 1997;7:10.	Not relevant study design: debate
Shaken babies. Lancet 1998;352:335.	Not relevant study design: letter
Pathology of nonaccidental brain injury. Arch Dis Child 2001;85:473.	Not relevant study design: letter
Joint statement on Shaken Baby Syndrome. Paediatr Child Health 2001;6:663-77.	Not relevant study design: debate
Shaken baby syndrome: rotational cranial injuries-technical report. Pediatrics 2001;108:206-10.	Not relevant study design: review
The Shaken Baby Syndrome: a multidisciplinary approach. Journal of Aggression, Maltreatment & Trauma 2001;5:xxiii.	Not relevant study design: review

Abuse shows up in an infant's eyes. Nursing 2004;34:33-33.	Not relevant study design: commentary
Fragile bones or child maltreatment? Paediatrics and Child Health 2005;10:500.	Not relevant study design: guidelines
Clinical highlights. Innovations in practice: this nursing intervention can help prevent shaken baby syndrome. RN 2005;68:22-22.	Not relevant PIRO: prevention
Never, ever shake a baby! Kai Tiaki Nursing New Zealand 2010;16:10-10.	Not relevant study design: editorial
Child Abuse Prevention Program Wins NACHRI Award - A Journey. Pediatric Nursing 2011;37:145-146.	Not relevant PIRO: prevention
Vitreoretinal traction may be important in development of retinoschisis due to shaken baby syndrome... including commentary by Gold RS. Ocular Surgery News 2011;29:15-15.	Not relevant study design: commentary
Abedzadeh-Kalahroudi M, Talebian A, Jahangiri M, Mesdaghinia E, Mohammadzadeh M. Incidence of neonatal Birth injuries and related factors in Kashan, Iran. Archives of Trauma Research 2015;4.	Not SBS
Abeyakoon O, Connolly D. The encephalopathic child. Neuroradiology Journal 2010;23:137-138.	Not relevant study design: conference abstract
Acker SN, Partrick DA, Ross JT, Nadlonek NA, Bronsert M, Bensard DD. Head injury and unclear mechanism of injury: initial hematocrit less than 30 is predictive of abusive head trauma in young children. J Pediatr Surg 2014;49:338-40.	Not relevant PIRO: Hematocrit level to predict abusive head trauma
Acres MJ, Morris JA. The pathogenesis of retinal and subdural haemorrhage in non-accidental head injury in infancy: assessment using Bradford Hill criteria. Med Hypotheses 2014;82:1-5.	Not relevant study design: not a study

Adams GG, Agrawal S, Sekhri R, Peters MJ, Pierce CM. Appearance and location of retinal haemorrhages in critically ill children. Br J Ophthalmol 2013;97:1138-42.	Differential diagnosis
Adams GG, Luthert PJ. Shaken baby syndrome. Br J Neurosurg 2003;17:16-7.	Not relevant study design: debate
Adamsbaum C, Barr M. Imaging in abusive head trauma: an in-depth look at current issues. Pediatr Radiol 2014;44 Suppl 4:S535-6.	Not relevant study design: letter to editor
Adamsbaum C, Husson B, Rey-Salmon C. Nonaccidental trauma. Intracranial injury resulting from child abuse. Pediatric Radiology 2012;42:S449-S450.	Not relevant study design: conference abstract
Adamsbaum C, Morel B, Ducot B, Antoni G, Rey-Salmon C. Dating the abusive head trauma episode and perpetrator statements: key points for imaging. Pediatr Radiol 2014;44 Suppl 4:S578-88.	Not relevant study design: review
Adamsbaum C, Rey-Salmon C. Shaken baby syndrome: Judicial admissions highlight chronic violence. Pediatric Radiology 2010;40 (6):1076.	Not relevant study design: conference abstract
Adeleye AO, Shoshan Y, Cohen JE, Spektor S. Ruptured middle cerebral artery aneurysm in an infant presenting as acute subdural hematoma: a Not relevant study design: case report. Pediatr Neurosurg 2008;44:397-401.	Differential diagnosis
Agrawal S, Peters MJ, Adams GG, Pierce CM. Prevalence of retinal hemorrhages in critically ill children. Pediatrics 2012;129:e1388-96.	Differential diagnosis
Aguilar Serrano A, Reyes Morillas M, Ráez Liébanas A, Ruiz Rodríguez C. The shaken baby syndrome. Revista de enfermería (Barcelona, Spain) 2006;29:6-10.	Language

Akbarnia B, Torg JS, Kirkpatrick J, Sussman S. Manifestations of the battered-child syndrome. J Bone Joint Surg Am 1974;56:1159-66.	Not SBS
Albert DM, Blanchard JW, Knox BL. Ensuring appropriate expert testimony for cases involving the "shaken baby". Jama 2012;308:39-40.	Not relevant study design: review
Alexander R, Crabbe L, Sato Y, Smith W, Bennett T. Serial abuse in children who are shaken. Am J Dis Child 1990;144:58-60.	Not relevant PIRO: Serial abuse in children who are shaken
Alexander RC, Schor DP, Smith WL, Jr. Magnetic resonance imaging of intracranial injuries from child abuse. J Pediatr 1986;109:975-9.	<10 cases, no reference test
Alexander RC, Smith WL. Shaken baby syndrome. Infants & Young Children: An Interdisciplinary Journal of Special Care Practices 1998;10:1-9.	Not relevant study design: review
Altinok D, Saleem S, Zhang Z, Markman L, Smith W. MR imaging findings of retinal hemorrhage in a case of nonaccidental trauma. Pediatr Radiol 2009;39:290-2.	Not relevant PIRO: diagnostic of RH with MRI
Altman RL, Kutscher ML, Brand DA. The "shaken-baby syndrome". N Engl J Med 1998;339:1329-30.	Not relevant study design: letter
Altman RL, Brand DA, Forman S, Kutscher ML, Lowenthal DB, Franke KA, et al. Abusive head injury as a cause of apparent life-threatening events in infancy. Arch Pediatr Adolesc Med 2003;157:1011-5.	Not clear SBS
Alzahrani M, Ratelle J, Cavel O, Laberge-Malo M, Saliba I. Hearing loss in the shaken baby syndrome. Int J Pediatr Otorhinolaryngol 2014;78:804-6.	Not relevant PIRO: hearing loss
Ambade VN, Malani AP, Kukde HG, Meshram RN. A rare case of head injury associated with Albers	Differential diagnosis: bleeding related conditions



Schonberg disease. J Forensic Leg Med 2007;14:92-5.	
Amritanshu K, Smriti S, Kumar V, Pathak A, Banerjee DP. Clinical profile and short-term outcome of hypoxic ischemic encephalopathy among birth asphyxiated babies in Katihar medical college hospital. Journal of Clinical Neonatology 2014;3:195-199.	Differential diagnosis
Annagur A, Altunhan H, Annagr BB, Ertugrul S, Ors R. Shaken baby syndrome suggestive of the diagnosis of osteogenesis imperfecta in newborn. European Journal of General Medicine 2013;10:173-177.	Not relevant PIRO: age
Apolo JO. Bloody cerebrospinal fluid: traumatic tap or child abuse? Pediatr Emerg Care 1987;3:93-5.	<10 cases, no reference test
Arlotti SA, Forbes BJ, Dias MS, Bonsall DJ. Unilateral retinal hemorrhages in shaken baby syndrome. J aapos 2007;11:175-8.	SBS not well defined
Arndt DH, Lerner JT, Matsumoto JH, Madikians A, Yudovin S, Valino H, et al. Subclinical early posttraumatic seizures detected by continuous EEG monitoring in a consecutive pediatric cohort. Epilepsia 2013;54:1780-8.	Not relevant PIRO: seizures
Asato N, Shimono T, Murakami T, Nishiguchi T, Miki Y. Two cases of shaken baby syndrome with diffuse hyperintense signal in the cerebrum on diffusion-weighted MRI. Japanese Journal of Clinical Radiology 2010;55:553-557.	Language
Ayoub DM, Hyman C, Cohen M, Miller M. A critical review of the classic metaphyseal lesion: traumatic or metabolic? AJR Am J Roentgenol 2014;202:185-96.	Not relevant PIRO: CML

Aziz HA, Berrocal A, Sisk R, Murray T. Retinopathy of Prematurity and Shaken Baby Syndrome. <i>J Pediatr Ophthalmol Strabismus</i> 2009.	<10 cases, no reference test
Babbitt CJ, Halpern R, Liao E, Lai K. Hyperglycemia is associated with intracranial injury in children younger than 3 years of age. <i>Pediatr Emerg Care</i> 2013;29:279-82.	Not relevant PIRO: Serum glucose
Bach KP, Schouten-Van Meeteren AYN, Smit LME, Veenhuizen L, Gemke RJB. Intracranial haemorrhages in infants: Child abuse or a congenital coagulation disorder?. [Dutch]. <i>Nederlands Tijdschrift voor Geneeskunde</i> 2001;145:809-813.	Language
Bacopoulou F, Henderson L, Philip SG. Images in paediatrics. Menkes disease mimicking non-accidental injury. <i>Archives of Disease in Childhood</i> 2006;91:919-919.	Not relevant study design: case report
Baeesa SS, Jan MM. The shaken baby syndrome. <i>Saudi Med J</i> 2000;21:815-20.	Not relevant study design: review
Balasubramaniam S, Suan LK, Mohd Jamil F, Abdullah NK, Desa NM. Isolated sulfite oxidase deficiency, a rare neurodegenerative disorder which mimics hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy. <i>Journal of Pediatric Neurology</i> 2012;10:67-71.	Not relevant PIRO: indextest
Banaszkiewicz PA, Scotland TR, Myerscough EJ. Fractures in children younger than age 1 year: importance of collaboration with child protection services. <i>J Pediatr Orthop</i> 2002;22:740-4.	Not relevant PIRO: fractures
Bandak FA. Shaken baby syndrome: a biomechanics analysis of injury mechanisms. <i>Forensic Sci Int</i> 2005;151:71-9.	Biomechanics

Barber I, Kleinman PK. Imaging of skeletal injuries associated with abusive head trauma. <i>Pediatr Radiol</i> 2014;44 Suppl 4:S613-20.	Not relevant study design: review
Barber I, Perez-Rossello JM, Wilson CR, Kleinman PK. The yield of high-detail radiographic skeletal surveys in suspected infant abuse. <i>Pediatr Radiol</i> 2014.	Not relevant PIRO: Skeletal surveys
Bhardwaj G, Chowdhury V, Jacobs MB, Moran KT, Martin FJ, Coroneo MT. A systematic review of the diagnostic accuracy of ocular signs in pediatric abusive head trauma. <i>Ophthalmology</i> , 2010; 117 (5): 983-92.e17.	Not relevant study design: systematic review
Barlow KM, Minns RA. Annual incidence of shaken impact syndrome in young children. <i>Lancet</i> 2000;356:1571-2.	Not relevant study design: letter
Barnes PD. Imaging of nonaccidental injury and the mimics: issues and controversies in the era of evidence-based medicine. <i>Radiol Clin North Am</i> 2011;49:205-29.	Not relevant study design: review
Barnes PD, Galaznik J, Gardner H, Shuman M. Infant acute life-threatening event--dysphagic choking versus nonaccidental injury. <i>Semin Pediatr Neurol</i> 2010;17:7-11.	Differential diagnosis
Barnes PD, Krasnokutsky MV, Monson KL, Ophoven J. Traumatic spinal cord injury: accidental versus nonaccidental injury. <i>Semin Pediatr Neurol</i> 2008;15:178-84; discussion 185.	<10 cases. Not relevant population, no reference test
Baron MA, Bejar RL, Sheaff PJ. Neurologic manifestations of the battered child syndrome. <i>Pediatrics</i> 1970;45:1003-7.	<10 cases, not relevant index test, no reference test
Barr RG, Paterson JA, MacMartin LM, Lehtonen L, Young SN. Prolonged and unsoothable crying bouts	Not relevant PIRO: colic

in infants with and without colic. J Dev Behav Pediatr 2005;26:14-23.	
Barr RG, Trent RB, Cross J. Age-related incidence curve of hospitalized Shaken Baby Syndrome cases: convergent evidence for crying as a trigger to shaking. Child Abuse Negl 2006;30:7-16.	Not relevant PIRO: SBS in relation to crying
Barry PW, Hocking MD. Infant rib fracture--birth trauma or non-accidental injury. Arch Dis Child 1993;68:250.	Not relevant study design: letter
Barsness KA, Cha ES, Bensard DD, Calkins CM, Partrick DA, Karrer FM, et al. The positive predictive value of rib fractures as an indicator of nonaccidental trauma in children. J Trauma 2003;54:1107-10.	Not relevant PIRO: rib fractures
Bartschat S, Richter C, Stiller D, Banschak S. Long-term outcome in a case of shaken baby syndrome. Med Sci Law 2015.	<10 cases, no reference test
Bechtel K, Stoessel K, Leventhal JM, Ogle E, Teague B, Lavietes S, et al. Characteristics that distinguish accidental from abusive injury in hospitalized young children with head trauma. Pediatrics 2004;114:165-8.	IHI, not well defined
Becker JC, Liersch R, Tautz C, Schlueter B, Andler W. Shaken baby syndrome: report on four pairs of twins. Child Abuse Negl 1998;22:931-7.	<10 cases, no reference test
Belfer RA, Klein BL, Orr L. Use of the skeletal survey in the evaluation of child maltreatment. Am J Emerg Med 2001;19:122-4.	Not relevant PIRO: fractures
Bennett HS, French JH. Elevated intracranial pressure in whiplash-shaken infant syndrome detected with normal computerized tomography. Clin Pediatr (Phila) 1980;19:633-4.	<10 cases, no reference test, not relevant population

<p>Bennett S, Ward M, Moreau K, Fortin G, King J, Mackay M, et al. Head injury secondary to suspected child maltreatment: results of a prospective Canadian national surveillance program. <i>Child Abuse Negl</i> 2011;35:930-6.</p>	<p>Not relevant study design: Incidence, demography</p>
<p>Benstead JG. Shaking as a culpable cause of subdural haemorrhage in infants. <i>Med Sci Law</i> 1983;23:242-4.</p>	<p>&lt;10 cases, no reference test</p>
<p>Berger RP, Fromkin JB, Stutz H, Makoroff K, Scribano PV, Feldman K, et al. Abusive head trauma during a time of increased unemployment: a multicenter analysis. <i>Pediatrics</i> 2011;128:637-43.</p>	<p>Not relevant PIRO: background variables</p>
<p>Berkowitz CD. Pediatric abuse. New patterns of injury. <i>Emerg Med Clin North Am</i> 1995;13:321-41.</p>	<p>Not relevant study design: review</p>
<p>Berney J, Favier J, Froidevaux AC. Paediatric head trauma: influence of age and sex. I. <i>Epidemiology. Childs Nerv Syst</i> 1994;10:509-16.</p>	<p>Not relevant PIRO: epidemiology</p>
<p>Bettle J, Herring J. Shaken babies and care proceedings. <i>Family Law.A</i>[undefined]pp1370-1374.</p>	<p>Not relevant study design: review</p>
<p>Betz P, Liebhardt E. Rib fractures in children--resuscitation or child abuse? <i>Int J Legal Med</i> 1994;106:215-8.</p>	<p>Not relevant PIRO: rib fractures</p>
<p>Betz P, Puschel K, Miltner E, Lignitz E, Eisenmenger W. Morphometrical analysis of retinal hemorrhages in the shaken baby syndrome. <i>Forensic Sci Int</i> 1996;78:71-80.</p>	<p>&lt;10 cases, not relevant population</p>
<p>Bhardwaj G, Jacobs MB, Moran KT, Tan K. Terson syndrome with ipsilateral severe hemorrhagic retinopathy in a 7-month-old child. <i>J aapos</i> 2010;14:441-3.</p>	<p>Differential diagnosis</p>

<p>Binenbaum G, Christian CW, Guttman K, Huang J, Ying GS, Forbes BJ. Evaluation of Temporal Association Between Vaccinations and Retinal Hemorrhage in Children. <i>JAMA Ophthalmol</i> 2015;1-5.</p>	<p>Differential diagnosis</p>
<p>Binenbaum G, Christian CW, Ichord RN, Ying GS, Simon MA, Romero K, et al. Retinal hemorrhage and brain injury patterns on diffusion-weighted magnetic resonance imaging in children with head trauma. <i>J aapos</i> 2013;17:603-8.</p>	<p>Not relevant PIRO: technology</p>
<p>Binenbaum G, Evans SM, Lee V, Coats B. Evaluation of optic nerve compression as a potential cause of retinal hemorrhage in infants. <i>Journal of AAPOS</i> 2015;19:e37-e38.</p>	<p>Biomechanics</p>
<p>Binenbaum G, Forbes BJ. The eye in child abuse: key points on retinal hemorrhages and abusive head trauma. <i>Pediatr Radiol</i> 2014;44 Suppl 4:S571-7.</p>	<p>Not relevant study design: review</p>
<p>Binenbaum G, Mirza-George N, Christian CW, Forbes BJ. Odds of abuse associated with retinal hemorrhages in children suspected of child abuse. <i>J aapos</i> 2009;13:268-72.</p>	<p>Not SBS</p>
<p>Birca A, Carmant L. Association between infantile spasms and the "shaken-baby syndrome". <i>Epilepsy Currents</i> 2011;1).</p>	<p>Not relevant study design: conference abstract</p>
<p>Birca A, D'Anjou G, Carmant L. Association between infantile spasms and nonaccidental head injury. <i>Journal of Child Neurology</i> 2014;29:695-697.</p>	<p>Not SBS</p>
<p>Biron D, Shelton D. Perpetrator accounts in infant abusive head trauma brought about by a shaking event. <i>Child Abuse Negl</i> 2005;29:1347-58.</p>	<p>&lt;10 cases, no reference test</p>

Bishop FS, Liu JK, McCall TD, Brockmeyer DL. Glutaric aciduria type 1 presenting as bilateral subdural hematomas mimicking nonaccidental trauma. Not relevant study design: case report and review of the literature. <i>J Neurosurg</i> 2007;106:222-6.	Differential diagnosis
Block RW, Lucey JF. Fillers... Brain hemorrhage in babies may not indicate violent abuse. <i>Pediatrics</i> . 2003;112:A30.	Not relevant study design: letter
Bloom E, Klein EJ, Shushan D, Feldman KW. Variable presentations of rickets in children in the emergency department. <i>Pediatric Emergency Care</i> 2004;20:126-130.	Differential diagnosis: Vitamine K
Blumenthal I. Shaken baby syndrome. <i>Postgrad Med J</i> 2002;78:732-5.	Not relevant study design: review
Boal DK. Metaphyseal fractures. <i>Pediatr Radiol</i> 2002;32:538-9.	Not relevant study design: letter
Bode-Janisch S, Bultmann E, Hartmann H, Schroeder G, Zajaczek JE, Debertain AS. Serious head injury in young children: birth trauma versus non-accidental head injury. <i>Forensic Sci Int</i> 2012;214:e34-8.	Differential diagnosis
Boeve WJ, Martijn A. Not relevant study design: case report 406. Scurvy. <i>Skeletal Radiology</i> 1987;16:67-69.	Not relevant study design: case report
Bonnier C, Mesples B, Gressens P. Animal models of shaken baby syndrome: revisiting the pathophysiology of this devastating injury. <i>Pediatr Rehabil</i> 2004;7:165-71.	Not relevant study design: animal models
Bonnier C, Nassogne M, Saint-Martin C, Mesples B, Kadhim H, Sébire G. Neuroimaging of	Not relevant PIRO: outcome, long term follow-up

intraparenchymal lesions predicts outcome in shaken baby syndrome. <i>Pediatrics</i> 2003;112:808-814.	
Bonnier C, Nassogne MC, Evrard P. Outcome and prognosis of whiplash shaken infant syndrome; late consequences after a symptom-free interval. <i>Dev Med Child Neurol</i> 1995;37:943-56.	Not relevant PIRO: indextest, not about diagnostics
Bonnier C, Nassogne MC, Moulin D, Evrard P. Shaken baby syndrome review of the literature and UCL experience. <i>Louvain Medical</i> 1996;115:413-420.	Language
Botash AS, Blatt S, Meguid V. Child abuse and sudden infant death syndrome. <i>Curr Opin Pediatr</i> 1998;10:217-23.	Not relevant study design: review
Botash AS, Sills IN, Welch TR. Calciferol deficiency mimicking abusive fractures in infants: is there any evidence? <i>J Pediatr</i> 2012;160:199-203.	Not relevant study design: review
Botte A, Mars A, Wibaut B, De Foort-Dhellemmes S, Vinchon M, Leclerc F. [Two children with cerebral and retinal hemorrhages: do not diagnose shaken baby syndrome too rapidly]. <i>Arch Pediatr</i> 2012;19:42-6.	Differential diagnosis
Boulis ZF, Dick R, Barnes NR. Head injuries in children--aetiology, symptoms, physical findings and x-ray wastage. <i>Br J Radiol</i> 1978;51:851-4.	Not SBS
Boyle EL. Some orbital tissue injuries more common in shaken baby syndrome. <i>Ocular Surgery News</i> 2006;24:94-94.	Not relevant study design: commentary
Bradford R, Choudhary AK, Dias MS. Serial neuroimaging in infants with abusive head trauma: timing abusive injuries. <i>J Neurosurg Pediatr</i> 2013;12:110-9.	Not relevant PIRO: timing abusive injuries



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Ettaro L, Berger RP, Songer T. Abusive head trauma in young children: characteristics and medical charges in a hospitalized population. <i>Child Abuse Negl</i> 2004;28:1099-111.	Not relevant PIRO: no sub group, age
Etzold SS, Tsokos M. Fatal shaken baby syndrome: Typical findings demonstrated by a Not relevant study design: case report. <i>Notfall und Rettungsmedizin</i> 2015;18:22-26.	<10 cases, no reference test
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Barr RG, Cross J, Trent RB. Age-related incidence curve of hospitalized Shaken Baby Syndrome cases: convergent evidence for crying as a trigger to shaking. <i>Child Abuse and Neglect</i> 2006;30:7-16 2006.	Not relevant study design: outcome
Gabaeff SC. Challenging the Pathophysiologic Connection between Subdural Hematoma, Retinal Hemorrhage and Shaken Baby Syndrome. <i>West J Emerg Med</i> 2011;12:144-58.	Not relevant study design: review
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Galaznik JG. A case for an in utero etiology of chronic SDH/effusions of infancy. <i>Journal of Perinatology</i> 2011;31:220-222.	Differential diagnosis
Galleno H, Oppenheim WL. The battered child syndrome revisited. <i>Clin Orthop Relat Res</i> 1982:11-9.	Not relevant study design: review
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Gardner HB. A witnessed short fall mimicking presumed shaken baby syndrome (inflicted childhood neurotrauma). <i>Pediatr Neurosurg</i> 2007;43:433-5.	Differential diagnosis
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Gerber P, Coffman K. Nonaccidental head trauma in infants. <i>Childs Nerv Syst</i> 2007;23:499-507.	Not relevant study design: review
Ghahreman A, Bhasin V, Chaseling R, Andrews B, Lang EW. Nonaccidental head injuries in children: a Sydney experience. <i>J Neurosurg</i> 2005;103:213-8.	Not relevant PIRO: dating of brain injury
Ghosh PS, Ghosh D. Subdural hematoma in infants without accidental or nonaccidental injury: benign external hydrocephalus, a risk factor. <i>Clin Pediatr (Phila)</i> 2011;50:897-903.	Differential diagnosis
Giangiacoimo J, Khan JA, Levine C, Thompson VM. Sequential cranial computed tomography in infants with retinal hemorrhages. <i>Ophthalmology</i> 1988;95:295-9.	<10 cases, no reference test

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<p>Gilles EE, McGregor ML, Levy-Clarke G. Retinal hemorrhage asymmetry in inflicted head injury: a clue to pathogenesis? J Pediatr 2003;143:494-9.</p>	<p>Not relevant PIRO: no subgroup, age</p>
<p>Gillespie RW. THE BATTERED CHILD SYNDROME: THERMAL AND CAUSTIC MANIFESTATIONS. J Trauma 1965;5:523-34.</p>	<p>Not relevant study design: case descriptions</p>
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<p>Gleckman AM, Bell MD, Evans RJ, Smith TW. Diffuse axonal injury in infants with nonaccidental craniocerebral trauma: enhanced detection by beta-amyloid precursor protein immunohistochemical staining. Arch Pathol Lab Med 1999;123:146-51.</p>	<p>&lt;10 cases, not relevant outcome</p>
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Goldstein B, Kelly MM, Bruton D, Cox C. Inflicted versus accidental head injury in critically injured children. <i>Crit Care Med</i> 1993;21:1328-32.	Not relevant PIRO: index
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Gong H, Grigg-Damberger M, Johnson MI. Risk factors for early seizures, status epilepticus and post-traumatic epilepsy in infants with non-accidental head injury. <i>Epilepsy Currents</i> 2014;14:365.	Not relevant study design: conference abstract
Graham DI. Paediatric head injury. <i>Brain</i> 2001;124:1261-1262.	Not relevant study design: editorial
Grana M, Nazar M, de Luca S, Casalini E, Eyheremendy E. [Abusive head trauma: report of a case]. <i>An Pediatr (Barc)</i> 2015;82:e135-8.	<10 cases, no reference test
Grant P, Mata MB, Tidwell M. Femur fracture in infants: a possible accidental etiology. <i>Pediatrics</i> 2001;108:1009-11.	Not relevant PIRO: fractures
Grayev AM, Boal DK, Wallach DM, Segal LS. Metaphyseal fractures mimicking abuse during treatment for clubfoot. <i>Pediatr Radiol</i> 2001;31:559-63.	Not relevant PIRO: fractures, not relevant reference
Greeley CS. Re: A witnessed short fall mimicking presumed shaken baby syndrome (inflicted childhood neurotrauma). <i>Pediatr Neurosurg</i> 2008;44:90.	Not relevant study design: letter

Greeley CS. Challenging the pathophysiologic connection between Subdural Hematoma, Retinal Hemorrhage, and Shaken Baby syndrome. <i>Western Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> 2012;13:82-84.	Not relevant study design: letter
Greeley CS. Abusive head trauma: a review of the evidence base. <i>AJR Am J Roentgenol</i> 2015;204:967-73.	Not relevant study design: guidelines
Greeley CS, Donaruma-Kwoh M, Vettimattam M, Lobo C, Williard C, Mazur L. Fractures at diagnosis in infants and children with osteogenesis imperfecta. <i>J Pediatr Orthop</i> 2013;33:32-6.	Not relevant PIRO: fractures
Green MA. Shaken babies. <i>Lancet</i> 1998;352:816.	Not relevant study design: letter
Green MA, Lieberman G, Milroy CM, Parsons MA. Ocular and cerebral trauma in non-accidental injury in infancy: underlying mechanisms and implications for paediatric practice. <i>Br J Ophthalmol</i> 1996;80:282-7.	NAI, not well defined
Greenwald MJ. The shaken baby syndrome. <i>Seminars in Ophthalmology</i> 1990;5:202-215.	Not relevant study design: review
Greenwald MJ, Weiss A, Oesterle CS, Friendly DS. Traumatic retinoschisis in battered babies. <i>Ophthalmology</i> 1986;93:618-25.	<10 cases, no reference test
Greiner MV, Berger RP, Thackeray JD, Lindberg DM. Dedicated retinal examination in children evaluated for physical abuse without radiographically identified traumatic brain injury. <i>J Pediatr</i> 2013;163:527-31.	Not relevant PIRO: age

Greiner MV, Richards TJ, Care MM, Leach JL. Prevalence of subdural collections in children with macrocrania. <i>AJNR Am J Neuroradiol</i> 2013;34:2373-8.	Differential diagnosis
Gribomont AC. [Traumatic vitreous-retinal hemorrhage in infants]. <i>Bull Soc Belge Ophtalmol</i> 2001;5-11.	Language
Grote A. [Traction retinal detachment, optic atrophy, apallic syndrome after shaking trauma in an infant]. <i>Ophthalmologie</i> 2002;99:295-8.	<10 cases, no reference test
Gruber TJ, Rozzelle CJ. Thoracolumbar spine subdural hematoma as a result of nonaccidental trauma in a 4-month-old infant. <i>J Neurosurg Pediatr</i> 2008;2:139-42.	<10 cases
Gruskin KD, Schutzman SA. Head trauma in children younger than 2 years: Are there predictors for complications? <i>Archives of Pediatrics and Adolescent Medicine</i> 1999;153:15-20.	Not SBS, skull fractures
Guddat SS, Ehrlich E, Martin H, Tsokos M. Fatal spontaneous subdural bleeding due to neonatal giant cell hepatitis: a rare differential diagnosis of shaken baby syndrome. <i>Forensic Sci Med Pathol</i> 2011;7:294-7.	Differential diagnosis
Guenther E, Powers A, Srivastava R, Bonkowsky JL. Abusive head trauma in children presenting with an apparent life-threatening event. <i>J Pediatr</i> 2010;157:821-5.	<10 cases
Gumbs GR, Keenan HT, Sevick CJ, Conlin AM, Lloyd DW, Runyan DK, et al. Infant abusive head trauma in a military cohort. <i>Pediatrics</i> 2013;132:668-76.	Not relevant PIRO: risk factors

Guo S, Coberly E, Stacy C, Miller D. Neuro- and ophthalmological pathology findings specific to severe head trauma in young children: A comparative analysis. <i>Journal of Neuropathology and Experimental Neurology</i> 2013;72 (6):571.	Not relevant study design: conference abstract
Gupta N, Pitts LH. The shaken baby syndrome: An odyssey - II origins and further hypotheses: Commentary. <i>Neurologia Medico-Chirurgica</i> 2008;48:156.	Not relevant study design: review
Guthkelch AN. Infantile subdural haematoma and its relationship to whiplash injuries. <i>Br Med J</i> 1971;2:430-1.	<10 cases, no reference test
Guthkelch AN. The shaken infant syndrome. Serious effects of shaking were described in 1971. <i>Bmj</i> 1995;310:1600.	Not relevant study design: review
Haas L. INJURED BABY. <i>Br Med J</i> 1965;2:645.	Not relevant study design: letter
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Ilves P, Lintrop M, Talvik I, Sisko A, Talvik T. Predictive value of clinical and radiological findings in inflicted traumatic brain injury. <i>Acta Paediatr</i> 2010;99:1329-36.	Not relevant study design: prognosis, outcome
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Inoue H, Hyodoh H, Watanabe S, Okazaki S, Mizuo K. Acute enlargement of subdural hygroma due to subdural hemorrhage in a victim of child abuse. <i>Leg Med (Tokyo)</i> 2015;17:116-9.	Not relevant study design: guidelines
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Jayawant S, Rawlinson A, Gibbon F, Price J, Schulte J, Sharples P, et al. Subdural haemorrhages in infants: population based study. Bmj 1998;317:1558-61.	Not SBS
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<p>Johnson DL, Boal D, Baule R. Role of apnea in nonaccidental head injury. <i>Pediatr Neurosurg</i> 1995;23:305-10.</p>	<p>&lt;10 cases, no reference test</p>
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Kapoor S, Schiffman J, Tang R, Kiang E, Li H, Woodward J. The significance of white-centered retinal hemorrhages in the shaken baby syndrome. <i>Pediatr Emerg Care</i> 1997;13:183-5.	<10 cases, no reference test
Kasim MS, Cheah I, Shafie HM. Childhood deaths from physical abuse. <i>Child Abuse Negl</i> 1995;19:847-54.	Not relevant PIRO: age
Kato K, Kobayashi C, Katayama Y, Moriyama N, Shiono J, Kudo K, et al. Forty-two-day-old boy with acute idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura. <i>Pediatrics International</i> 2010;52:485-487.	Differential diagnosis

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Keenan HT, Hooper SR, Wetherington CE, Nocera M, Runyan DK. Neurodevelopmental consequences of early traumatic brain injury in 3-year-old children. <i>Pediatrics</i> 2007;119:e616-23.	Not relevant PIRO: outcome
Keenan HT, Runyan DK, Marshall SW, Nocera MA, Merten DF, Sinal SH. A Population-Based Study of Inflicted Traumatic Brain Injury in Young Children. <i>Journal of the American Medical Association</i> 2003;290:621-626.	Not relevant study design: incidence study
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Kelly P, Farrant B. Shaken baby syndrome in New Zealand, 2000-2002. <i>J Paediatr Child Health</i> 2008;44:99-107.	Not relevant PIRO: incidence study
Kelly P, Hayman R, Shekerdemian LS, Reed P, Hope A, Gunn J, et al. Subdural hemorrhage and hypoxia in infants with congenital heart disease. <i>Pediatrics</i> 2014;134:e773-81.	Biomechanics
Kemp A. Subdural haemorrhage in infants: When are they non-accidental? <i>Current Paediatrics</i> 2001;11:197-201.	Not relevant study design: review
Kemp A, Cowley L, Maguire S. Spinal injuries in abusive head trauma: patterns and recommendations. <i>Pediatr Radiol</i> 2014;44 Suppl 4:S604-12.	Not relevant PIRO: spinal injury

Kemp AM. Abusive head trauma: recognition and the essential investigation. Arch Dis Child Educ Pract Ed 2011;96:202-8.	Not relevant study design: review
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Kim KA, Wang MY, Griffith PM, Summers S, Levy ML. Analysis of pediatric head injury from falls. Neurosurg Focus 2000;8:e3.	Not relevant PIRO: fall injuries, age
King WJ, MacKay M, Sirnick A. Shaken baby syndrome in Canada: clinical characteristics and outcomes of hospital cases. Cmaj 2003;168:155-9.	Not relevant PIRO: outcome, demography

Kirkwood H, Scheck BS, Findley K, McCormack B, Jonas J, McMurtrie J. Growing body of contrary evidence. <i>Minn Med</i> 2010;93:6-8.	Not relevant study design: debate
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Kivlin JD. Manifestations of the shaken baby syndrome. <i>Curr Opin Ophthalmol</i> 2001;12:158-63.	Not relevant study design: letter
Kivlin JD, Simons KB, Lazowitz S, Ruttum MS. Shaken baby syndrome. <i>Ophthalmology</i> 2000;107:1246-54.	Not relevant PIRO: No reference test
Kivlin JD. Ophthalmic manifestations of shaken baby syndrome. <i>Journal of Aggression, Maltreatment and Trauma</i> 2001;5:137-153.	Not relevant study design: review
Kivlin JD, Currie ML, Greenbaum VJ, Simons KB, Jentzen J. Retinal hemorrhages in children following fatal motor vehicle crashes: a case series. <i>Arch Ophthalmol</i> 2008;126:800-4.	Differential diagnosis
Kleinman P, Perez-Rossello J, McDonald A, Rosenberg A, Tsai A. Absence of rickets in infants with fatal abusive head trauma and classic metaphyseal lesions. <i>Pediatric Radiology</i> 2015;45:S299.	Not relevant PIRO: intervention
Kleinman PK. Shaken babies. <i>Lancet</i> 1998;352:815-6.	Not relevant study design: letter
Kleinman PK. "Multiple fractures in the long bones of infants suffering from chronic subdural hematoma"--	Not relevant study design: debate

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Kleinman PK, Marks SC, Jr. A regional approach to the classic metaphyseal lesion in abused infants: the proximal humerus. AJR Am J Roentgenol 1996;167:1399-403.	Not relevant PIRO: CML
Kleinman PK, Marks SC, Jr. A regional approach to classic metaphyseal lesions in abused infants: the distal tibia. AJR Am J Roentgenol 1996;166:1207-12.	Not relevant PIRO: CML
Kleinman PK, Marks SC, Jr. A regional approach to the classic metaphyseal lesion in abused infants: the proximal tibia. AJR Am J Roentgenol 1996;166:421-6.	Not relevant PIRO: CML
Kleinman PK, Marks SC, Jr. A regional approach to the classic metaphyseal lesion in abused infants: the distal femur. AJR Am J Roentgenol 1998;170:43-7.	Not relevant PIRO: metaphyseal fracture

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<p>Kleinman PK, Marks SC, Jr., Nimkin K, Rayder SM, Kessler SC. Rib fractures in 31 abused infants: postmortem radiologic-histopathologic study. <i>Radiology</i> 1996;200:807-10.</p>	<p>Not relevant PIRO: rib fractures</p>
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<p>Kleinman PK, Marks SC, Spevak MR, Richmond JM. Fractures of the rib head in abused infants. <i>Radiology</i> 1992;185:119-23.</p>	<p>&lt;10 cases, rib fractures</p>
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Koul R, Poothrikovil R, Al-Azri F, Al-Sadoon M. Evolution of epileptic encephalopathy in an infant with non-accidental head injury. <i>Neurosciences (Riyadh)</i> 2013;18:264-8.	Not relevant PIRO: Seizure, <10 cases
Koul RL. RE: Evolution of epileptic encephalopathy in an infant with non-accidental head injury. <i>Neurosciences</i> 2013;18:395-396.	Not relevant PIRO: seizure
Koumellis P, McConachie NS, Jaspan T. Spinal subdural haematomas in children with non-accidental head injury. <i>Arch Dis Child</i> 2009;94:216-9.	Not relevant PIRO: spinal injury
Krous HF, Byard RW. Shaken infant syndrome: selected controversies. <i>Pediatr Dev Pathol</i> 1999;2:497-8.	Not relevant study design: debate
Krugman RD, Bays JA, Chadwick DL, Kanda MB, Levitt CJ, McHugh MT, et al. Shaken baby syndrome: Inflicted cerebral trauma. <i>Pediatrics</i> 1993;92:872-875.	Not relevant study design: review
Krugman SD, Zorc JJ, Walker AR. Hyponatremic seizures in infancy: association with retinal hemorrhages and physical child abuse? <i>Pediatr Emerg Care</i> 2000;16:432-4.	<10 cases, no reference test
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<p>Paterson CR, Monk EA. Temporary brittle bone disease: association with intracranial bleeding. <i>J Pediatr Endocrinol Metab</i> 2013;26:417-26.</p>	<p>Differential diagnosis</p>
<p>Perez NP, Diaz-Cascajosa J, Prat-Bartomeu J, Martin-Begue N, Catala-Mora J. Bilateral retinal detachment in a case of nonaccidental trauma. <i>Canadian Journal of Ophthalmology</i> 2013;48:e44-e45.</p>	<p>Not relevant study design: letter</p>
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Pinto FC, Porro FF, Sukanuma L, Fontes RB, de Andrade AF, Marino Jr R. Hemophilia and child abuse as possible causes of epidural hematoma: Not relevant study design: case report. <i>Arq Neuropsiquiatr</i> 2003;61:1023-5.	Differential diagnosis

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Reece RMo. The evidence base for shaken baby syndrome: response to editorial from 106 doctors. <i>British Medical Journal</i> .A[undefined]pp1316-1317.A[undefined]pp1316-1317.	Not relevant study design: letter
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Salmon MA. The spectrum of abuse in the battered-child syndrome. <i>Injury</i> 1971;2:211-7.	<10 cases, no reference test

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